Changes and Continuity: Season after Season		
Computer Science		
Computational Thinking		
L1:CT.4	Describe how a simulation can be used to solve a problem.	
Collaboration		
Computing Practice & Programming		
L1:CPP.6	Implement problem solutions using a block-based visual programming language.	
L1:CPP.10	Gather and manipulate data using a variety of digital tools.	
Computers and C	Communications Devices	
L1:CD.5	Identify factors that distinguish humans from machines.	
Community Global, and Ethical Impacts		
English Language Arts		
Reading: Literature		
CCSS.ELA-	Refer to parts of stories, dramas, and poems when writing or speaking about a text,	
LITERACY.RL.5	using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; describe how each successive part	
	builds on earlier sections.	
CCSS.ELA-	Compare and contrast the themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same	
LITERACY.RL.9	author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series).	
Reading: Informa	tional Text	
CCSS.ELA-	Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two	
LITERACY.RI.9	texts on the same topic.	
Reading: Founda	tional Skills	
Writing		
CCSS.ELA-	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and	
LITERACY.W.2	information clearly.	
Speaking & Lister	ning	
CCSS.ELA-	Determine the main ideas and supporting details of a text read aloud or information	
LITERACY.SL.2	presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.	
Language		
CCSS.ELA-	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in	
LITERACY.L.5	word meanings.	
Fine Arts		
Creating		
DA:Cr1.1	a. Experiment with a variety of self-identified stimuli (for example, music/sound, text,	
	objects, images, notation, observed dance, experiences) for movement. b. Explore a	
	given movement problem. Select and demonstrate a solution.	
DA:Cr3.1	a. Revise movement choices in response to feedback to improve a short dance study.	
	Describe the differences the changes made in the movements. b. Depict directions or	
	spatial pathways in a dance phrase by drawing a picture map or using a symbol.	
MU:Cr1.1	a. Improvise rhythmic and melodic ideas, and describe connection to specific purpose	
	and context (such as personal and social). b. Generate musical ideas (such as rhythms	
	and melodies) within a given tonality and/or meter.	
Performing/Presenting/Producing		
MA:Pr4.1	Practice combining varied academic, arts, and media forms and content into unified	
	media artworks, such as animation, music, and dance.	

TH:Pr6.1	a. Practice drama/theatre work and share reflections individually and in small groups.	
Responding		
MA:Re9.1	Identify basic criteria for and evaluate media artworks, considering possible	
	improvements and context.	
VA:Re8.1	Interpret art by analyzing use of media to create subject matter, characteristics of	
	form, and mood.	
Connecting		
TH:Cn11.1	a. Identify connections to community, social issues and other content areas in	
	drama/theatre work. b. Explore how stories are adapted from literature to	
	drama/theatre work. c. Examine how artists have historically presented the same	
	stories using different art forms, genres, or drama/theatre conventions.	
VA:Cn11.1	Recognize that responses to art change depending on knowledge of the time and	
	place in which it was made.	
Mathematics		
Operations and A	Algebraic Thinking	
CCSS.MATH.CO	Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide. <i>Examples:</i> If $6 \times 4 =$	
NTENT.OA.B/C.	24 is known, then $4 \times 6 = 24$ is also known. (Commutative property of multiplication.) 3	
5	$x 5 \times 2$ can be found by $3 \times 5 = 15$, then $15 \times 2 = 30$, or by $5 \times 2 = 10$, then $3 \times 10 = 30$.	
	(Associative property of multiplication.) Knowing that $8 \times 5 = 40$ and $8 \times 2 = 16$, one	
	can find 8×7 as $8 \times (5 + 2) = (8 \times 5) + (8 \times 2) = 40 + 16 = 56$. (Distributive property.)	
CCSS.MATH.CO	Understand division as an unknown-factor problem. For example, find 32 ÷ 8 by	
NTENT.OA.C.6	finding the number that makes 32 when multiplied by 8.	
CCSS.MATH.CO	Fluently multiply and divide within 100, using strategies such as the relationship	
NTENT.OA.C/D.	between multiplication and division (e.g., knowing that $8 \times 5 = 40$, one knows $40 \div 5 =$	
7	8) or properties of operations. By the end of Grade 3, know from memory all products	
	of two one-digit numbers.	
CCSS.MATH.CO	Solve two-step word problems using the four operations. Represent these problems	
NTENT.OA.D.8	using equations with a letter standing for the unknown quantity. Assess the	
	reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies	
	including rounding.	
Physical Education and Health		
Motor Skills and	Movement	
S1.E18	Dribbles with the feet in general space at slow to moderate jogging speed with control of hall and body.	
S1 E10	Discussion and body.	
51.219	recention before returning the bass	
S1 F21	Uses a continuous running approach and intentionally performs a kick along the	
51.221	ground and a kick in the air demonstrating 4 of the 5 critical elements of a mature	
	nattern for each. Uses a continuous running approach and kicks a stationary hall for	
	accuracy	
Movement and Performance		
S2 F3	Combines movement concents(direction levels force time) with skills as directed by	
52.25	the teacher.	
Health Enhancen	nent & Fitness	
	Engages in the activities of physical education class without teacher promoting	
Dersonal and Soc	ial Rehavior	
	iai beliavioi Warks independently for extended periods of time	
34.EZ	works maependently for extended periods of time.	

Science		
Earth and Space Sciences		
ESS2-1	Represent data in tables and graphical displays to describe typical weather conditions	
	expected during a particular season.	
ESS2-2	Obtain and combine information to describe climates in different regions of the	
	world.	
ESS3-1	Make a claim about the merit of a design solution that reduces the impacts of a	
	weather-related hazard.	
Social/Emotional Learning		
Self-Managemen	t	
1A.b	Describe and demonstrate ways to express emotions in a socially acceptable manner.	
Social Studies		
U.S. History		
NSS-US.3d1	List in chronological order the major historical events that are part of the state's	
	history.	
NSS-US.3d2	Analyze the significance of major events in the state's history, their impact on people	
	then and now, and their relationship to the history of the nation.	
NSS-US.3d3	Read historical narratives to describe how the territory or region attained its	
	statehood.	
NSS-US.3d4	Identify historical problems or events in the state and analyze the way they were	
	solved and/or the ways that they continue to be addressed.	
NSS-US.3d5	Examine various written accounts in order to identify and describe regional or state	
	examples of major historical events and developments that involved interaction	
	among various groups (e.g., the Alamo, the Underground Railroad, the building of the	
	Transcontinental Railroad, and the California Gold Rush).	
NSS-US.3e2	Analyze how the ideas of significant people affected the history of their state.	
NSS-US.3e4	Draw upon a variety of sources to describe the unique historical conditions that	
	influenced the formation of the state.	